

PRINCE TSAI HSUN REACHES AMERICA

Police With Blacksnakes and Men With Guns Keep Populace in Good Order.

SEEING THE PRINCE THROUGH A KNOTHOLE

(From Wednesday Advertiser.)

Mounted police with blacksnakes kept the crowd back from the sacred precincts of the Alakea wharf while the local territorial officials kowtowed to Prince Tsai Hsun, uncle of the Emperor of China, head of the Chinese navy and imperial commissioner to the United States to investigate American naval methods, as he came ashore from the Pacific Mail liner Manchuria yesterday morning.

Out in the street where citizens gathered to look at the oriental head of the celestial sea fleet, the police formed a constantly moving line, their blacksnakes curled in their free hands ready to use if the crowd showed signs of insubordination.

Manned in front of the Alakea wharf were armed men of the federal government, representing the foot and horse soldiery and the sea soldiery, as well, all in khaki, rifles unbayoneted and sabers flashing in the early morning sunlight.

It was a martial array, but the blacksnakes in the hands of the khaki-clad mounted police gave just a tinge of the Russia which reminds free people of the horrors of the knout.

And, while the infantry from Fort Shafter, the cavalry from Schofield Barracks, and the marines from Camp Very lined up and showed the military aspect of Uncle Sam's life, and the police kept the crowd in subjection—although it was not a big crowd and not at all inclined to surge through the crowded ranks of the armed forces—Prince Tsai Hsun was being welcomed to the first bit of American soil on his voyage, in the name of the people held back by the police.

In the cream and gold-tinted lounging room of the Manchuria, the Prince, attended by an admiral and several captains, all garbed in flowing robes of rich silk fabrics, with heads surmounted by black caps topped with crystal balls and peacock feathers, received Hon. E. A. Mott Smith, secretary of the Territory, who, in the name of the Governor and the American people, had pleasure in welcoming His Highness to the United States.

Attending the secretary were Rear-Admiral Rees, United States Navy, and his aid, Lieut. Comdr. Victor Houston, U.S.N.; Col. Walter Schuyler, U.S.A.; Captain Wilbur, Coast Artillery Corps, U.S.A.; the Chinese consul and secretary completing the local party.

Wore Ancient Garb.

When the Manchuria was tied up at the wharf, the territorial secretary and the admiral and aids, went aboard, but they were greeted by Chinese in official robes, not the modern uniforms adopted by the Chinese government for their naval officers. This party, headed by Prince Tsai Hsun, was in marked contrast, as to dress, to the party headed by his younger brother, Tsai T'ao, who is the head of the imperial army, for Prince Tsai T'ao's army officers were all arrayed in the latest uniforms of modern cut, prescribed by the government. They wore swords, too, and looked the part of officers.

But Prince Hsun has different ideas, apparently, and he appears to belong to a less progressive class than that in which his younger brother trains. The younger brother was the one who recommended to the throne that Chinese officials be permitted to discard their queue. Almost the first official he met with his queue and robes discarded and replaced by frock coat and top hat, was the local Chinese consul. Upon the breast of each Chinese officer gleamed a decoration set with jewels.

The secretary trusted that the program mapped out for the prince's reception and entertainment was satisfactory. The matter was placed before His Highness through an interpreter, and he replied that it was except that he wanted the colonel and aids, went ashore at the Chinese consulate. This cut out some of the plans, but in the main it permitted the secret reception of the Prince to take place in the old throne room of the capital, where the Governor, in the name of the American

people, is presumed to have shaken hands and greeted him with an akela.

A Knothole View.

This is a narrative of events as seen through a knothole, the territorial secretary's rigid orders, excluding the press from all opportunity to see what was going on, but those going on might be only chronicled and placed before the readers in cold, hard type. The orders of the secretary were that no one should be allowed in front of the Alakea wharf, excepting firemen on duty, police and employees of the Pacific Mail wharf. That closed the entrance to all comers, newspapermen being particularly barred by express order of the secretary. However, one little newspaper man, but little in stature only, got in the wharf gallery from the street entrance because he looked like a native British tourist. So, after all, the police were remiss in their duty in carrying out the secretary's orders. Then half a dozen Honolulu people, relatives of a territorial official, were on the wharf, waving welcome to friends aboard the incoming steamer; and, in addition, the passengers of the Nippon Maru were there in the gallery, but that was their right, as their ship was lying on the opposite side of the wharf.

Prince Withstood Shock.

The only way which other newspapermen had of circumventing the secretary's orders was to get out of bed long before daybreak, snatch a hasty breakfast, board the customs launch at six-thirty, and go out with the customs and immigration officers to the vessel, and there while away an hour out on the broad bosom of the deep ocean, which heaved and rolled the customs launch until the aforesaid breakfast rested on uncertain moorings, until pratique was granted. When finally aboard, the newspapermen had an opportunity to greet members of the Prince's suite, and found them affable and not very much upstaged by the presence of newspapermen. They had no scruples about talking to them, and one even offered to sail for the loan of the morning newspaper that he might scan the cable news. He and the others behaved well in the presence of the scribes and in fact were quite friendly and disposed to place the same deck with them, light cigars with each other in the most friendly fashion, even after they knew that the newcomers were men who wrote for the papers. It was a shock to the newspapermen who had become imbued with the idea, after the rigid exclusion order "by order of the Governor" was made, that they would be shunned as Old Nick is popularly believed to shun holy water.

Fine Appearance of Troops.

When the party went ashore the scribes trotted along in the rear of the procession. Happily none of the Chinese officers wore long, curved scimitars and their sword blades were not barred by oriental bodyguards. Out in the street the ranking officer called the troops to attention and instantly sabers flashed as the blades went up and back and rested against the shoulder, and rifles snapped to the present arms. The Hawaiian band played the Chinese national anthem, modernized and Anglicized, so to speak, and as the limousine auto emerged from the shed into the street and came to a stop the Prince's right hand swung up to his little cap in salute and kept it there until the last notes died away. He sat in the machine with only his chief of staff, and Chief of Detectives McDuffie ensconced in the front seat, his eyes searching the crowd with eagle penetration.

In the next machine were Admiral Rees, Secretary Mott-Smith and Chinese dignitaries, with Secret Service Agent McConnell, who was sent here all the way from Washington to be the bodyguard of His Highness from Honolulu to New York, in the front seat. Other autos contained more officials. At an order from the ranking officer of the federal troops the company of infantrymen from Fort Shafter, the two companies of marines under command of Major Long, and the two troops of cavalry swung into line of march behind the Hawaiian band, stepping off in a manner which caused ripples of admiration to pass along the lines of spectators.

There was a contrast or two in that line. The infantrymen wore wide-seated khaki trousers, very wide, and they only had to hike on foot. The cavalrymen, who are supposed to need very wide trousers for horseback riding, apparently wore tighter-fitting trousers than their hiking comrades, while the marines, the "half-wets," or "sea-soldiers" as they are popularly called, wore very tight-fitting trousers and blouses that fitted like the paper on the wall. They look so well in their natty khaki that the wonder is that the war department doesn't put its soldiery in the same style of uniforms.

Secrecy in Throne Room.

Up the street the troops marched and into the capital grounds, where the governor's staff of white uniformed colonels and lieutenant-colonels awaited His Highness on the steps of the old palace, where once King Kalakaua was wont to review troops. As the prince's auto entered the grounds the national guard battery banged forth a salute of twenty-one rounds, the heavy smoke hanging like a pall over the trees and obscuring just a little more the knothole view of the newspapermen, for they were held back in the crowd of "American fellow citizens" whom the prince said in his wireless from the steamer on Monday that he would be glad to see and meet. The prince passed up the steps gazing appreciatively into the bulleyes of expert Bonina's moving picture machine. R. K. "Bo-y" working the crank on the machine as if it was a noiseless rapid-fire gun and kept the big bulleye trained on the prince's countenance. Kodaks snapped, guns belched, orders to the military were shouted, and then the prince passed from the public gaze into the sacred halls of the former palace of a defunct royalty, and on into the throne room where a king and two queens formerly held levees and received foreign princes and dignitaries.

It is only presumed, of course, that the prince went into that room. The military orders issued from the government stated that Governor Frazar would greet the distinguished guest in that room. The knothole did not give a view of the throne room, and just how the American governor of the American Territory of Hawaii greeted the Chinese prince and welcomed him to America, may only be known second and third hand. According to the secretary, it didn't matter whether the press saw anything

or not, and the readers of this paper may only guess as to the scenes, that the prince was greeted as he entered and that the Governor did the polite thing at the right time.

A Presumed Reception.

It is presumed that the Governor, surrounded by his white-uniformed staff of colonels and lieutenant-colonels stood in the back of the throne room at the foot of the dais, on which the King, formerly stood, and on which speakers of the house of representatives play the czar while the legislature is in session. Anyhow, the Governor is believed to have stood at the foot of this former royal dais. The prince, accompanied by the secretary, and followed by Admiral Rees, Colonel Schuyler, and the aides, passed into the room by one of the three doors opening into that famous hall. They advanced across the carpeted floor, and it is thought, the Governor extended his hand when the prince was within reaching distance, and pumpled him while he told him through the interpreter that it was a great pleasure to welcome him to free America.

Governor's Supposed Reply.

The prince is presumed to have remarked that he was glad to have come and that he was charged by the baby Emperor of all China to say to the Governor that China was glad to have this opportunity of having one of its great men meet a great American, and that he hoped the future relations between Hawaii and China would be the most friendly and from a commercial standpoint, prosperous. The Governor, in reply to this message, from the three-year-old Emperor, is presumed to have stated that he was only too willing to give China a chance to get along in the world and he would do all in his power to help it. There was some little elicit-chat of course, the state of the weather was remarked upon and then the prince said good-bye, and retired from the throne room by one of the doors, it is presumed, and finally came into view of the scribes just as the national guard battery began banging away with twenty-one bangs, covering the roadways with smoke, so that even the knothole view was somewhat obscured. The prince got away safely and went to the Alexander Young Hotel, where the imperial suite had been reserved for him.

After being fanned and getting cooled off, he went into the ladies' parlor, and sat in a Louis XVI. chair in a corner. It was fortunate for the American public that the prince sat in just that chair, for the scribe, after slipping in at the back door of the hotel, and mounting the marble stairs, (not venturing to try the elevator, which was guarded), found he could get a knothole view of His Highness from the top of the stairs, the distance being probably one hundred feet. This view was occasionally obstructed as Chief McDuffie walked up the doorway with his bulk, or when Captain Wilbur walked in. However, the captain is long-legged and not so stout as the chief, and a view could be obtained around him now and then.

Hotel Under Strict Guard.

Several Japanese boys passed through the hall into the parlor, each bearing a tray, each tray loaded with white rock and tumblers fairly smoking with chunks of ice. The local people were kept on the White Rock and ice, but the Prince remained in his chair without touching the American water. A servant stood behind him shooting gusts of cool air into his face with a fan, which was worked like a windmill. Then servants passed into the room with trays filled with tea things. One servant spread a napkin over His Highness' knees, another poured out a cup of hot tea, and another looked out to see that none of the tea drops dripped upon his magnificent silk garments.

Front Doors Guarded.

Meanwhile the hotel was well guarded. The hotel entrance, Mrs. Taylor's florist shop door and other doors were jealously protected by police officers. No one was permitted to enter the hotel entrance to get to the elevator. The police forgot the rear entrance. The few people managed to slip into the public hostelry that way. Several tourists from the Manchuria tried to get into the hotel, and were barred by the secretary's rigid orders. Then they slipped around to the back alley and went through the promotion committee room, thinking they were on the right track, and then had to retrace their steps and finally they found the back door and got in.

"What sort of a place do you call this," inquired one. "What's the matter with this hotel anyhow? Police everywhere! Can't a fellow get a drink or register his name?"

Much Powder Burned.

Then the Prince embarked in his limousine, the troops wheeled and the Prince was received at the naval station, where more guns banged a salute and His Highness was received courteously by Rear-Admiral Rees with all the pomp and paupery of war in time of peace. Twenty-one guns had been fired by the naval station battery early in the morning as the Manchuria entered the harbor.

Then finally the Prince sped away to the Chinese consulate on Sheridan street, where His Highness rested peacefully all afternoon until it was time to return to the ship. At the consulate he had opportunity to satisfy his ill with Chinese foods, cooked a la Chinese by the best celestial chefs in town. This was a great day for the local officials.

Chinese Stay Away.

The Chinese failed to turn out en masse as was expected. They probably remembered the curt treatment they received from Prince Tsai T'ao during the young man's visit here some months ago and the more than haughty treatment accorded them by Prince Li, son of the late Li Hung Chang, who was Prince Tsai T'ao's mentor.

A Day of Interest.

Getting away from the knothole, the stay of the party was very pleasant. The Manchuria arrived off port with a great yellow five-clawed dragon flag at the fore peak. As the liner came up to the harbor the naval station battery gave a national salute of twenty-one guns. Secretary of the Territory Mott-Smith, Admiral Rees and Colonel Schuyler came aboard and greeted the Prince and extended the welcome of the city and the American nation. After arriving at the executive building the Governor met the party in the throne room. In addition to his own staff there were also present Major Winslow, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A.,

and Captain Chapman, Twentieth Infantry, U. S. A.

The Prince's rail was returned by the Governor at the Young Hotel, the secretary appearing there in mufti, discharging his official frank card of office for the time being. After paying a call at the naval station, the Prince retired to the Chinese consulate, only Admiral Rees and some of the captains making the trip to Pearl Harbor aboard the lighthouse tender Kukul. At Pearl Harbor, where the proposed naval station site was viewed, the party was met by a battery of autos and brought back to town through the plantation districts, past Fort Shafter, and then out to the consulate.

The Prince was escorted back to the Manchuria late in the afternoon. In front of the wharf troops were drawn up and gave His Highness a salute as he passed into the wharf shed. Lieutenant-Colonel Wheeler was in command of the two troops of the Fifth Cavalry and was senior officer in charge of all the troops appearing in review before the Prince. The splendid appearance of the cavalry was commented upon favorably by the Prince and several of the captains.

Personnel of the Party.

The Prince's party comprises the following, in order of their rank: Admiral Sah; the Hon. Chow Tszehi, counselor, foreign office; Capt. Tsao Yu Ying, Capt. Tseng Yu Cheng, Capt. Chu Chen Ping, Capt. Tseng Tsai Yi, Capt. Lin Pao Lun, Capt. Chou Ho Lan, and Capt. Fung Shu, imperial Chinese navy; Dr. Lee King Ho, judge advocate; Tao-tai Chang Po Tsing and five non-commissioned officers.

Admiral Sah speaks English fluently. There are several attaches who have various titles, doing clerical work. T. C. Chow is secretary to the naval commission. Several were educated in Europe, others have made visits to the Continent.

On board the Manchuria the passengers saw little of the Prince who kept to his rooms much of the time.

MAINE SENDS TWO OF EACH PARTY

PORTLAND, Maine, September 13.—Returns from Tuesday's election show that two Republicans and two Democrats have been elected to congress, and that the next State legislature, which is to elect a successor to Senator Eugene Hale, will be Democratic. The man chosen will be the first Democratic senator Maine has ever had. The Republican congressmen elected are Hinds and Guernsey, the latter being re-elected, by a close vote. Gould and McGeheeny are the two successful Democrats.

JONATHAN AND BULL AT PEACE ON FISHES

THE HAGUE, September 13.—Both Great Britain and the United States have signified their willingness to abide by the decision of The Hague international tribunal in their long standing Newfoundland fisheries dispute, by allowing five days to elapse without making any dispute or protest. Under the rules of the international court this makes the decision irrevocable. The five days since the court handed down its decision, in favor of the United States as to five of the points in dispute and of Great Britain as to seven, expired yesterday, without either side giving notice of an intention to reopen the controversy.

TREATMENT OF RHEUMATISM

Should Be Directed Toward Restoring the Blood to Its Normal Condition.

Every Sufferer Will Be Interested in This Case at Snohomish, Wash., Which Was Cured by the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

In an attack of rheumatism the blood is rendered thin and weak with amazing rapidity. The treatment of the disease should be directed towards restoring the blood to its normal strength, for unless it is pure, rich and red the rheumatic poisons can not be driven from the system. The experience of thousands of sufferers has been that there is no better blood builder than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They quickly enrich and purify the blood and make a permanent cure. While using the pills a light nourishing diet should be taken and exposure to cold, dampness and draughts avoided.

The cure of Miss Marguerite Hall, of Snohomish, Wash., by this treatment, was recently described by her mother, Mrs. G. S. Hall, as follows:

"A few years ago my daughter, Marguerite, was suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism. Her limbs were swollen to about twice their normal size and the pains extended from the knees to the feet. The pains were constant and were so intense that I could scarcely move her."

"I applied liniments and banded the limbs for some time but there was no improvement. I finally bought a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The pills helped her very quickly and I gave them to her until she was entirely cured. She has not had an attack since. I may also say that I have used the pills to build up my system. I shall always be grateful for the benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have given us."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are guaranteed to be free from opiates or harmful drugs.

If you are interested in the remedy that cured Miss Hall, write today for a copy of the new edition of our book on "Diseases of the Blood." It contains information that may save you money and suffering. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

HAIKU CANNERY OUTPUT WILL BE 100,000 CASES THIS YEAR

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

The Haiku Fruit and Packing Company, located at Haiku, Maui, operates the second largest pineapple cannery in the Territory, and the plant is steadily increasing in size.

The company was established six years ago, the 1910 output will exceed 100,000 cases. The concern gives employment to about 250 persons, and the factory hands are as cosmopolitan a lot as could be found anywhere in the world. This year the cannery and warehouse have been enlarged and remodeled.

The company has 200 acres in pines and 150 unplanted. About half the crop is obtained from small farmers in

the district.

This season no difficulty has been experienced in disposing of the crop, and a much brisker demand for canned pines has been in evidence than ever before. This is in measure due to the intelligent advertising campaign which has been carried on throughout the United States, and more particularly to the decreased importation of pines from Singapore and the Bahamas, due to the increased duty on canned products. The shutting out of the Baltimore pack, due to the increased duty on fresh pines imported from the West Indies, has also been of material assistance to the local growers.

The officers of the Haiku Fruit and Packing Company are: W. A. Baldwin, manager; George Lindsay, chief engineer; James Lindsay, superintendent.

WITNESS IN BURKE CASE IS SEEN HERE

Luetta Smith Spoken To on Honolulu Street—Also Burke's Sister.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

A merry game of tag which has progressed across the Pacific Ocean several times was made public yesterday, when it was announced that Chief McDuffie had been searching for Luetta Smith, an important witness in the now famous Burke case at Santa Rosa, California.

Six weeks ago the chief received a cable from the prosecuting attorney of Sonoma county, stating that Miss Smith was stopping at the Waikiki Inn. Inquiry here and at other hotels failed to show her whereabouts, and the answer sent back by the local department was to this effect. Another one came at once, reiterating emphatically that the woman had been seen here.

A minute investigation was made, every lodging-house and hotel in the city being searched. A woman who had lived at Santa Rosa had seen Miss Smith and the little girl that is supposed to be her daughter, and had spoken to her.

This woman also saw the sister of Burke, the doctor who is held under charge of having attempted to dynamite the home of Miss Smith. The sister was seen sitting on the park fence opposite the Young Hotel, and when she saw the other she appeared startled and walked hastily away.

The police still keep close watch on the town for the woman, but their chances of finding her are impaired through the publication of the story by an afternoon paper yesterday, which by so doing violated an unwritten agreement between the newspapers and the police, by which no story that will hamper the latter in their work is to be printed. Reporters of all the English papers have known of the search being made for the past month, the police relying on their honor not to publish the facts before a release.

Miss Smith is of a striking appearance and could easily be picked out of a crowd. She is very wrinkled and somewhat gaunt. She was a nurse in Burke's sanatorium at Santa Rosa when the doctor, for some reason of his own, attempted to dynamite her and the child, or so is accused.

While he was awaiting trial some one supplied Miss Smith with money and she left the country on the China and passed through here. She was then seen at Yokohama, after which trace of her was lost until she was seen here again. That she is in one of the Pacific ports is beyond doubt.

MANUEL C. COSTA IS FOUND GUILTY

Manuel C. Costa, charged with violation of the Edmunds Act, was found guilty yesterday afternoon in the United States court and will be sentenced later. The maximum punishment is hanging.

Seven votes were taken by the jury before a verdict was arrived at. On the first vote the jury stood nine for conviction to three for acquittal. On the second vote two of those who had voted for acquittal switched and voted guilty. The third ballot stood the same way, but on the fourth the vote stood as at first.

The fifth vote taken resulted in a considerable change, eight voting for conviction and four for acquittal. On the sixth eleven voted to convict Costa and one elected to free him. But when the seventh vote was taken all were unanimous in favor of conviction, and a verdict of guilty was returned. Costa was defended by Clem Quinn, County Attorney Cathcart conducted the prosecution.

CLAIM THAT THEY ARE ILLEGALLY RESTRAINED

Koon Ko and Koon Heen, who claim to be sons of Lum Sung, for twenty-two years a resident of Honolulu and a citizen of the United States, have applied for a writ of habeas corpus to free themselves from the restraint under which they claim to have been placed by Immigration Inspector Brown.

The two Chinese say that they arrived in Honolulu on the Siberia for the purpose of residing with their father, but were refused a landing and were placed under arrest. They ask the federal court to free them and permit them to land. Charlie Chillingworth is their attorney.

Steamer Claudine arrives this morning from Hawaii and Maui ports.

TO BRAVE WASEDAS ON HOME GROUNDS

Chicago University Team on Way to Japan and Will Play Keio Also.

The baseball team of the University of Chicago has started for a tour of nearly 20,000 miles, to test the playing powers of the teams of the Japanese universities of Waseda and Keio in Tokyo. There will be twelve players, and H. Orville Page, last year's captain of the football team, will be the playing manager. Prof. Gilbert A. Bliss will represent Director A. A. Stagg, who is unable to make the trip, and the faculty.

The team is one of the best the Maroons have had for years. It is composed of all-around players who have had considerable experience playing in and around Chicago for the last few years. The party will consist of Josiah J. Pegues, captain; Frank K. Collins, captain-elect for 1911; Frank A. Paul, Fred C. Steinbrecher, W. J. Sunderland, Orno B. Roberts, Robert W. Baird, John Boyle, Glen G. Roberts, Ralph M. Cleary, Hermann J. Ehrhorn, and Page.

The boys are in good condition now, and in order to keep that way will play as many games as possible on the road to the Orient. They stopped off at Kallispell, Montana, on Labor Day to play with teams from Spokane and Everett. They reached Seattle, September 10, from which port they sailed on the Kamakura Maru, which will land them in Yokohama sixteen days later. They will remain in Tokyo during the month of October.

While two of the best players on the baseball team will not go to Japan, Clark G. Sauer and Walter S. Kennedy, who remain behind to try help Stagg win the football championship, the Maroons expect to have a victorious trip, although not without a struggle.

The Japanese boys have learned baseball from the University of Chicago coaches. Alfred W. Place, a former Maroon star, is an instructor at Waseda, at which school he introduced baseball a number of years ago. Last year the team from the University of Wisconsin went to Japan and was defeated, three out of four games, by the Keio University, winning two out of three from Waseda. All the games were closely contested.

After playing in Japan the Maroons will take a trip to Manila and to a number of cities in China. The length of the trip will depend upon how many games can be arranged for outside of Japan.

Here is a chance for Honolulu ball promoters to get the team to return by this port.

MORE CHARGES AGAINST CHARLES ROE

Florence A. Devereaux, one of the beneficiaries under the will of Annie Larkin Roe, has filed in the circuit court an exception to the final account of Charles R. Roe, the administrator, and moves that he be discharged for incompetence and mismanagement and that a new administrator be appointed. She says that Roe's accounts are so mixed up that no one can make head or tail of them, and she further insinuates that he has been appropriating to his own use money that belongs to the estate. She says that he received from his father several thousand dollars to pay off claims against the estate and that he is trying to have himself credited with the amount he received from his father.

WIFE NUMBER ONE IS AFRAID FOR HER LIFE

Joseph Miod has been arrested under a federal warrant charging him with bigamy. It is claimed that Joseph has taken to himself two wives within the period of about a year and without taking the precaution of getting rid of wife number one.

Mrs. Miod is the complainant against her husband, and she refused to leave the office of United States District Attorney Breckons yesterday until her husband should have been arrested, because, she said, Miod had threatened to kill her if she informed on him.

GET IT TODAY.

Every family should be provided with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at this season of the year. Attacks of bowel complaint nearly always come on suddenly, and when this remedy is at hand all danger may be avoided. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!

MARVEL UPON MARVEL! NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.

But without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION

A complete revolution has been wrought in this department of medical science, whilst thousands have been restored to health and happiness who were previously held by merely dragging out a miserable existence.

THERAPION No. 1—The Sovereign Remedy for rheumatism, suppurating interstices, the use of which does irreparable harm by using the foundation of stricture and other chronic diseases.

THERAPION No. 2—The Sovereign Remedy for primary and secondary skin diseases, eruptions, pains and swelling of the joints, and all those complaints which mercury and arsenic are popularly but erroneously supposed to cure. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eradicates all poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3—The Sovereign Remedy for nervous debility, nervousness, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, distaste and incapacity for business or pleasure, loss of appetite, blushing and nervousness, white of the face and head, and all other results from dissipation, early excess, etc., which the faculty so persistently ignore, because so constant in case of even relief.

THERAPION is the principal medicine in the world. Price in England 2/6 per packet. In order, state who of the three remedies you require, and observe that the word "THERAPION" appears on British Government Standard white letters on a red ground, affords genuine package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Therapion may now be had in tasteless form.